

## Report of Independent Auditors And Financial Statements for

## ANCHORAGE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT June 30, 2019

Annick & Company A Professional Service Corporation

CPAs / Consultants

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Chestnut Centre 410 West Chestnut Street STE, 237 Louisville, KY 40202-2342

(502) 583-5381 (800) 456-7531 FAX (502) 582-2516

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

State Committee for School District Audits Members of the Board of Education of Anchorage Independent School District

#### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Anchorage Independent School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the audit requirements prescribed by the Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits in Appendix I of the Independent Auditor's Contract – General Requirements, Appendix II of the Independent Auditor's Contract – State Audit Requirements, and Appendix III of the Independent Auditor's Contract – Electronic Submission. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

State Committee for School District Audits Members of the Board of Education of Anchorage Independent School District

#### Auditor's Responsibility (continued)

An audit includes performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosur es in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to ab ove present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Anchorage Independent School District as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Emphasis of Matter**

As discussed in Note 7 to the financial statements, effective July 1, 2017, the entity adopted new accounting guidance GASB Statement No. 75 — Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benef its Other Than Pensions. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

#### **Other Matters**

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 8 through 11 and pages 53 through 61 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounding Standards Board,

State Committee for School District Audits Members of the Board of Education of Anchorage Independent School District

**Other Matters (continued)** 

**Required Supplementary Information (continued)** 

who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures—to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standar—ds generally accepted in the United States of America , which consisted of inquiries of management—about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's respo nses to our inquiries , the basic financial—statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express—any opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Infor mation

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The combining nonmajor fund financial statements and additional information are presented for the purpose s of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining nonmajor fund financial statements and additional information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining nonmajor fund financial statements and additional information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

State Committee for School District Audits Members of the Board of Education of Anchorage Independent School District

#### Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated October 2, 2019, on our consideration of the Anchorage Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain p rovisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to pro vide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and in considering Anchorage Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and In addition, the results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance of specific state statutes or regulations identified in Appendix II of the Independent Auditor's Contract - State Audit Requireme nts.

Amick & Company

Louisville, Kentucky October 2, 2019

### ANCHORAGE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD & A) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 UNAUDITED

As management of the Anchorage Independent School District "the District", we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information found within the body of the audit.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- $\lambda$  The beginning cash balance for all funds of the District was \$3,868,858 and the ending balance was \$4,080,559, an increase of \$211,701.
- $\lambda$  The General Fund had \$7,892,676 in revenue, which primarily consisted of property tax, motor vehicle, occupational license taxes and SEEK (State Funding). Excluding inter-fund transfer, there were \$7,837,290 in General Fund expenditures. This includes on-behalf payments.
- $\lambda$  The district became debt free in FY 2018-2019 after making its final bond payment of \$10.719.
- $\lambda$  The District remains committed to considering teacher salaries as an important part of the overall budget. The pay increase for FY 2018-2019 was 1.5% for all staff.
- $\lambda$  The District continues to be dedicated to maintaining its historic facility. This year we:
  - o New tile in eight classrooms
  - o Large gym floor refinishing
  - o Completion of back parking lot storm pump work
  - o Tree servicing
  - o Installation of new HVAC unit to service auditorium
  - o Library renovation (BG-1 has been approved by KDE)
  - o Completion of front lawn and driveway drainage repairs to help prevent future flooding
  - o Continued to replace aged steam valves and installation of programmable thermostats
  - o Implemented PikMyKid car pool security program
- λ Our generous APTA completed an athletic project which included installation of score board, side walk, storage room and exterior entry into cafeteria restrooms. The District and APTA partnered together to begin a Library revitalization project which spanned the next fiscal year.

# ANCHORAGE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 UNAUDITED

The District-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (government activities). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support service s, operation and maintenance of plant, and operation of non -instructional services. Taxes and intergovernmental revenues also support fixed assets and related debt.

The District -wide financial statements can be found on pages 1 2 and 13.

Fund financial s tatements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. This is a state mandated uniform system and chart of accounts for all Kentucky public school districts utilizing the MUNIS administrative software. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are trust funds established by benefactors to aid in student education, welfare and teacher support. The only proprietary funds are our day care program and food service operations. All other activities of the district are included in the governmental funds.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 1 4 and 16.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government -wide and fund financial statements.

The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 23 through 51.

#### **DISTRICT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a gover nment's financial position. In the case of the District, assets exceeded liabilities by \$5,569,803 as of June 30, 2019.

A portion of the District's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land and improvements, buildings and improvements, technology and general equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The District used these capital assets to provide services to its students; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from oth er sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

# ANCHORAGE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 UNAUDITED

The District's financial position is the product of several financial transactions including the net results of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition of capital assets, and the depreciation of capital assets.

	For the year ended June 30				
	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>			
Current Assets	\$ 4,271,841	\$ 4,092,145			
Non-current Assets	4,468,346	4,609,936			
Deferred outflow of resources	<u>517,709</u>	<u>751,746</u>			
Total Assets	\$ <u>9.257,896</u>	\$ <u>9.453.827</u>			
Current Liabilities	\$ 476,421	\$ 388,758			
Non-current Liabilities	2,913,674	3,019,250			
Deferred inflow of resources	<u>297,998</u>	375,622			
Total Liabilities	3,688,093	3,783,630			
Net Position					
Investment in capital assets (net of debt)	4,319,346	4,444,555			
Unreserved Fund Balance	1,250,457	1,225,642			
Total Net Position	5,569,803	$\overline{5,670,197}$			
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$ <u>9,257,896</u>	\$ <u>9.453.827</u>			

#### **Comments on Budget Comparisons**

- $\lambda$  The District's total General Fund revenues for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, net of onbehalf payments were \$6,694,736.
- $\lambda$  General fund budget compared to actual revenue (net of on -behalf payments) varied from line item to line item with the ending actual balance being \$84,705 more than budgeted.
- $\lambda$  General fund budget expenditures to actual expenditures (net of on -behalf payme nts) varied from line item to line item with the actual balance being \$ 3,586,3911 less than budgeted.
- $\lambda$   $\;$  Revenues exceeded e xpenditures with the actual balance being \$ 55,386 for a favorable result .

The following table presents a summary of General Fund reven ue and expense.

	For the year ended June 30				
	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>			
Revenues:					
Local revenue sources	\$ 5,400,585	\$ 5,311,358			
State revenue sources	2,391,521	2,357,254			
Earnings on investments	100,570	<u>56,306</u>			
Total Revenues	\$ <u>7.892.676</u>	\$ <u>7.724.918</u>			

# ANCHORAGE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 UNAUDITED

	<u>2019</u>	<u> 2018</u>
Expenses:		
Instruction	\$ 4,077,795	\$ 3,775,960
Student support services	189,064	181,058
Instructional support	959,566	971,204
District administration	472,593	445,952
School administration	367,475	443,372
Business support	789,239	719,146
Plant operations	981,558	895,996
Transfers	<u> </u>	1,493
Total Expenses	\$ <u>7.837.290</u>	\$ <u>7.434.181</u>
Revenue in Excess of Expenditures	\$ <u>55,386</u>	\$ <u>293,273</u>

#### **BUDGETARY IMPLICATIONS**

In Kentucky the public school fiscal year is July 1 — June 30; other programs, i.e. some federal programs, may operate on a different fiscal calendar, but are reflected in the district—'s overall budget. By law the budget mu st have a minimum 2% contingency. The district adopted a budget with \$486,226 in contingency. The beginning cash balance for the next fiscal year is \$4,085,157.

Many of the program grants are continuation programs that we have become reliant on to ser vice our stude nts. However, decreases in grants and state funding along with the added burden of health insurance costs and matching retirement for employees have significantly reduced the dollars available for teacher salaries and other program support.

#### Statement of Net Position June 30, 2019

ASSETS	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		
CURRENT ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,080,559	\$ 4,608	\$ 4,085,167
Accounts receivable	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Taxes - current	136,685	_	136,685
Taxes - prior years	-	-	-
Other	41,637	4,963	46,600
Inventories		3,389	3,389
<b>Total Current Assets</b>	4,258,881	12,960	4,271,841
CAPITAL ASSETS			
Capital assets	10,107,737	100,000	10,207,737
Less accumulated depreciation	(5,679,370)	(60,021)	(5,739,391)
Total Capital Assets	4,428,367	39,979	4,468,346
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>\$ 8,687,248</u>	\$ 52,939	\$ 8,740,187
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES			
Deferred outflows of resources - CERS	\$ 351,328	\$ 44,758	\$ 396,086
Deferred outflows of resources - OPEB	105,245	13,408	118,653
Debt refunding costs, net	2,970		2,970
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES	<u>\$ 459,543</u>	\$ 58,166	<u>\$ 517,709</u>
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	\$ 469,341	\$ 1,080	\$ 470,421
Current portion of bonds payable	6,000	-	6,000
Current portion of accrued sick leave			
Total Current Liabilities	475,341	1,080	476,421
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES			
Bonds payable	143,000	-	143,000
Noncurrent portion of accrued sick leave	138,563	=	138,563
Net pension liability - CERS	1,807,705	230,295	2,038,000
Net OPEB liability	526,976	67,135	594,111
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	2,616,244	297,430	2,913,674
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ 3,091,585	\$ 298,510	\$ 3,390,095
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES			
Deferred inflows of resources - CERS	\$ 143,141	\$ 18,236	\$ 161,377
Deferred inflows of resources - OPEB	105,573	13,450	119,023
Deferred grant revenue	17,598	<del>-</del>	17,598
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES	\$ 266,312	\$ 31,686	\$ 297,998
NET POSITION	0 4000.000	6 00.000	0 4040.040
Investment in capital assets, net of related debt	\$ 4,279,367	\$ 39,979	\$ 4,319,346
Unrestricted	1,509,527	(259,070)	1,250,457
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 5,788,894	<u>\$ (219,091)</u>	\$ 5,569,803

#### Statement of Activities District Wide

For the year ended June 30, 2019

					Progra	ım Revenues			Net (Expense) Revenue and					
				Charges	C	perating	Cap	ital	Changes in Net Position					
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS				for	G	rants and	Grant	s and	Go	vernmental	Bus	iness-type		
		Expenses		Services	Cor	ntributions	Contrib	outions		Activities	A	ctivities		Total
Governmental Activities														
Instruction	\$	4,478,683	\$	4,995	\$	230,583	\$	-	\$	(4,243,105)	\$	-	\$	(4,243,105)
Support Services:														
Student		189,064		126,236		-		-		(62,828)		-		(62,828)
Instruction staff		981,600		-		-		-		(981,600)		-		(981,600)
District Administrative		472,593		-		-		-		(472,593)		-		(472,593)
School Administrative		367,475		-		-		-		(367,475)		-		(367,475)
Business		789,239		-		-		-		(789,239)		-		(789,239)
Plant operation and maintenance		901,811		-		-		-		(901,811)		-		(901,811)
Facilities acquisition and construction		95,633		-		-		-		(95,633)		-		(95,633)
Interest on long-term debt		6,187		-		6,018		-		(169)		-		(169)
Depreciation and amortization		231,831				-				(231,831)		-		(231,831)
<b>Total Governmental Activities</b>		8,514,116		131,231		236,601				(8,146,284)				(8,146,284)
Business-type Activities														
Food service		312,554		201,470		21,565		-		_		(89,519)		(89,519)
Day care		5,006		6,652				-				1,646		1,646
<b>Total Business-type Activities</b>		317,560		208,122		21,565		-		-		(87,873)		(87,873)
Total School District	<u>s</u>	8,831,676	<u>\$</u>	339,353	<u>s</u>	258,166	\$		<u>s</u>	(8,146,284)	8	(87,873)	8	(8,234,157)
					Gen	eral Revenue	es.							
					G.C.I.	Property taxe			s	4,325,051	s	_	\$	4,325,051
						Delinquent p		•	•	148,377	•	_	•	148,377
						Motor vehicle		=		247,055		_		247,055
						Occupational				749,269		_		749,269
						Investment e				101,018		454		101,472
						State and for		ts		2,432,229		51,796		2,484,025
						Miscellaneou				78,514		-		78,514
						Loss on sale	of assets			· -		-		-
					Tran	sfers				12,594		(12,594)		-
						Total Ger	neral Reve	enues						
						and Trai	ısfers			8,094,107		39,656		8,133,763
						Change in No	et Position			(52,177)		(48,217)		(100,394)
						Net Position				5,841,071		(170,874)		5,670,197
						Net Position		-	s	5,788,894	\$	(219,091)	\$	5,569,803

#### Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2019

	GENERAL <u>FUND</u>		SPECIAL REVENUE <u>FUND</u>	OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS		TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL <u>FUNDS</u>	
ASSETS AND RESOURCES Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable	\$ 3,832,614	\$	6,366	\$	241,579	\$	4,080,559
Taxes - current Intergovernmental - State Intergovernmental - Federal Other	136,685	_	40,970 667		- - - -		136,685 - 40,970 <u>667</u>
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 3,969,299	\$	48,003	\$	241,579	\$	4,258,881
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Deferred revenue Total Liabilities	\$ 368,728 - - 368,728	\$ 	30,405 17,598 48,003	\$	70,208	s 	469,341 17,598 486,939
FUND BALANCES Assigned Unassigned Total Fund Balances	3,600,571 3,600,571	<u> </u>	- - -		171,371 - 171,371	_	171,371 3,600,571 3,771,942
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 3,969,299	\$	48,003	\$	241,579	<u>\$</u>	4,258,881

Revised February 4, 2020.

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds
To the Statement of Net Position
June 30, 2019

Total fund balance per fund financial statements		\$ 3,771,942
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets are not reported in this fund financial statement because they are not current financial resources, but they are reported in the statement of net position		
Total cost of capital assets Accumulated depreciation	10,107,737 (5,679,370)	4,428,367
Certain other assets are not reported in this fund financial statement because they are not available to pay current period expenditures, but are reported in the statement of net position.		
Bond Issuance costs		2,970
Governmental funds do not record deferred outflows of resources for pension and OPEB contribution after the measurement date but those are reported on the statement of net position as deferred outflows of resources Pension OPEB	351,328 105,245	456,573
Certain liabilities (such as bonds payable, the long-term portion of accrued sick leave, and accrued interest) are not reported in this fund financial statement because they are not due and payable, but they are presented in the statement of net position Bonds payable  Long term portion of accrued sick leave	(149,000) (138,563)	
Net pension liability - CERS	(1,807,705)	
Net OPEB liability	(526,976)	(2,622,244)
Governmental funds do not record deferred inflows of resources for pension and OPEB contribution after the measurement date but those are reported on the statement of net position as deferred inflows of resources		
Pension	(143,141)	
OPEB	(105,573)	 (248,714)
Net position for governmental activities		\$ 5,788,894

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures And Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	GENERAL	SPECIAL REVENUE	OTHER GOVERNMENTAL	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL
	FUND	FUNDS	FUNDS	FUNDS
REVENUES	10115	<u> </u>	101100	<u> </u>
From local sources:				
Taxes:				
Property	\$ 4,230,581	<b>S</b> -	S 242,847	\$ 4,473,428
Motor Vehicles	247,055	-	φ ωπω, <b>υ</b> πη	247,055
Occupational	749,269	_	_	749,269
Tuition and fees	4,995	_	_	4,995
Earnings on investments	100,570	448		101,018
Student activities	90.171	36,065	-	126,236
Other local revenues	78,514	20,000	-	98,514
Intergovernmental - State	,	83,975	46,726	2,522,222
8	2,391,521		40,720	
Intergovernmental - Indirect Federal		126,608		126,608
TOTAL REVENUES	7,892,676	267,096	289,573	8,449,345
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Instruction	4,077,795	252,352	-	4,330,147
Support Services				
Student	189,064	-	-	189,064
Instructional staff	959,566	22,034	-	981,600
District administration	472,593	-	-	472,593
School administration	367,475	-	-	367,475
Business	789,239	-	-	789,239
Plant operations and maintenance	981,558	-	-	981,558
Facilities acquisition and construction	-	-	95,633	95,633
Debt service	-	-	22,569	22,569
Other	-	-	-	-
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	7,837,290	274,386	118,202	8,229,878
EXCESS (DEFICIT) OF REVENUES				
OVER EXPENDITURES	55,386	(7,290)	171,371	219,467
OVER EM ENDITORES		(1,230)	171,371	210,407
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Operating transfers in	15,000	7,290	106,184	128,474
Operating transfers out	(9,696)	-,200	(106,184)	(115,880)
operating transfers out	(0,000)		(100,101)	(110,000)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	5,304	7,290	<del>-</del>	12,594
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE ON STATEMENT				
OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES				
IN FUND BALANCE - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	60,690	_	171,371	232,061
IN POND DALANCE - GOVERNIVIENTAL PONDS	00,030	-	171,371	۵۵۵,001
FUND BALANCE JULY 1, 2018	3,539,881	-	-	3,539,881
, -				, ,
FUND BALANCE JUNE 30, 2019	\$ 3,600,571	\$ -	<u>\$ 171,371</u>	\$ 3,771,942

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

June 30, 2019

Net change in total fund balances per fund financial statements		\$ 232,061
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Capital outlays are reported as expenditures in this fund financial statement because they use current financial resources, but they are presented as assets in the statement of activities and depreciated over their estimated economic lives. The difference is the amount by which capital outlays exceeds depreciation expense for the year.  Capital outlay  Depreciation expense  Bond amortization expense	79,747 (231,666) (165)	(152,084)
Bond and capital lease payments are recognized as expenditures of current financial resources in the fund financial statement but are reductions of liabilities in the statement of net position.  Principal on bond payments		16,382
Governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and / or capitalized and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.		-
The difference between actuarial pension contributions to CERS and actual contributions made are recorded as adjustments in the statement of activities.		(187,461)
The difference between actuarial OPEB contributions and actual contributions made are recorded as adjustments in the statement of activities.		38,925
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$ (52,177)

## Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2019

ASSETS	Food Service <u>Fund</u>	Summer <u>Programs</u>	Total Proprietary <u>Funds</u>
Current Assets Cash and cash equivalents Student fees receivable Inventories Total current assets	\$ - 4,963 3,389 8,352	\$ 4,608 - - - - 4,608	\$ 4,608 4,963 3,389 12,960
Noncurrent Assets Capital assets Less: Accumulated depreciation Total noncurrent assets	100,000 (60,021) 39,979	- - -	100,000 (60,021) 39,979
Deferred Outflows of Resources  Deferred outflows of resources - CERS  Deferred outflows of resources - OPEB  Total noncurrent assets  Total assets	44,758 13,408 58,166 \$ 106,497	\$ 4,608	44,758 13,408 58,166 \$ 111,105
LIABILITIES Liabilities			
Accounts payable Net pension liability - CERS Net OPEB liability Total liabilities	\$ 1,020 230,295 67,135 \$ 298,450	\$ 60 - - <u>\$ 60</u>	\$ 1,080 230,295 67,135 \$ 298,510
Deferred Inflow of Resources  Deferred inflows of resources - CERS  Deferred inflows of resources - OPEB  Total current liabilities	\$ 18,236 13,450 \$ 31,686	\$ - <u>-</u> <u>\$</u> -	\$ 18,236 13,450 \$ 31,686
NET POSITION  Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$ 39,979	\$ -	\$ 39,979
Unrestricted  Total net position	(263,618) <u>\$ (223,639)</u>	4,548 \$ 4,548	(259,070) § (219,091)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

## Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Food		Total
	Service	Summer	Proprietary
	<u>Fund</u>	<b>Programs</b>	<u>Funds</u>
<b>Operating Revenues</b>			
Food service sales	\$ 201,470	<b>\$</b> -	\$ 201,470
Other operating revenues		6,652	6,652
Total operating revenues	201,470	6,652	208,122
Operating Expenses			
Salaries and wages	186,062	4,106	190,168
Professional and contract services	31,024	900	31,924
Supplies and materials	91,222	-	91,222
Depreciation	4,033	-	4,033
Other operating expenses	213		213
Total operating expenses	312,554	5,006	317,560
Operating income (loss)	(111,084)	1,646	(109,438)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)			
Federal grants	20,093	-	20,093
State grants	1,472	-	1,472
State on-behalf payments	40,287	-	40,287
Donated commodities	11,509	-	11,509
Interest income	<u>454</u>		<u>454</u>
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	73,815		73,815
Net income (loss)	(37,269)	1,646	(35,623)
Total net position, July 1, 2018	(188,776)	17,902	(170,874)
Transfers in (out)	2,406	(15,000)	(12,594)
Total net position, June 30, 2019	<u>\$ (223,639)</u>	\$ 4,548	\$ (219,091)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

## Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Food		Total
	Service	Summer	Proprietary
	<u>Fund</u>	<b>Programs</b>	<u>Funds</u>
Cash Flows from Operating Activities			
Cash received from lunchroom sales	\$ 204,255	\$ -	\$ 204,255
Cash received from government grants	21,565	-	21,565
Cash received from other activities	-	6,652	6,652
Cash payments to employees for services	(124,853)	(4,106)	(128,959)
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services	(110,309)	(1,070)	(111,379)
Cash payments for other operating activities	(213)		(213)
Net cash from operating activities	(9,555)	1,476	(8,079)
Cash Flows from Capital Financing Activities Capital contributions	_		_
Acquisition of capital assets	(14,361)	_	(14,361)
Net cash from capital financing activities	$\frac{(14,361)}{(14,361)}$		$\frac{(14,361)}{(14,361)}$
ivet cash from capital infancing activities	(14,301)		(14,301)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities			
Transfers in (out) to other funds	2,406	(15,000)	(12,594)
Net cash from noncapital financing activities	2,406	(15,000)	(12,594)
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Cash Flows from Investing Activities			
Interest on investments	454	-	454
Net cash flows from investing activities	454		454
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(21,056)	(13,524)	(34,580)
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning	21,056	18,132	39,188
Cash and cash equivalents - ending	<u>\$</u> -	<b>\$ 4,608</b>	<b>\$ 4,608</b>
Reconciliation of Net Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities			
Net income (loss)	\$ (37,269)	\$ 1,646	\$ (35,623)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities			
Depreciation	4,032	-	4,032
Interest	(454)	-	(454)
Changes in assets and liabilities:			
Accounts receivable	2,785	-	2,785
Inventory	(326)	- (170)	(326)
Accounts payable	755	(170)	585
Net pension adjustment	20,922		20,922
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	<b>\$</b> (9,555)	<u>\$ 1,476</u>	\$ (8,079)
Non-Cash Activities			
Donated commodities received from federal government	<u>\$ 11,509</u>		
State on-behalf payments	\$ 40,287		
CERS Pensions	\$ 19,202		
CERS OPEB	\$ 1,720		
	<del>γ</del> 1,7 ≈ 0		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

# Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2019

	Private		
	Purpose	Agency	
	<u>Trust Fund</u>	<b>Fund</b>	
ASSETS			
Cash	\$ 42,899	\$ 48,253	
Accounts receivable			
Total Assets	<u>\$ 42,899</u>	<u>\$ 48,253</u>	
LIABILITIES			
Due to student groups	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 48,253	
Total Liabilities	<u>\$</u> -	\$ 48,253	
NET POSITION			
Held in trust for other purposes	<u>\$ 42,899</u>		
Total Net Position	<u>\$ 42,899</u>		

## ANCHORAGE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

ADDITIONS	Pu	ivate rpose st Fund
ADDITIONS Other local revenues Earnings on investments	\$ —	1,629 955
TOTAL ADDITIONS		2,584
DEDUCTIONS Supplies		1,637
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS		1,637
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		947
NET POSITION, JULY 1, 2018		41,952
NET POSITION, JUNE 30, 2019	<u>\$</u>	42,899

**Notes to Financial Statements** 

#### NOTE 1. NATURE OF ACTIVITIES

The Anchorage Public School mission is to educate students to become strong problem solvers, critical thinkers, excellent communicators, and community contributors.

#### A. Reporting Entity

The Anchorage Independent School District Board, a five member group, is the level of government which has oversight responsibilities over all activities related to public elementary and secondary school education within the jurisdiction of the Anchorage Independent School District (District). The Board is elected by the public and has the exclusive power and duty to govern and oversee the management of the public schools in the district. The District receives funding from local, state and federal government sources and must comply with the commitment requirements of these funding source entities. However, the Board is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined in Section 2100 of the Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards.

#### **B.** Related Organizations

The District, for financial purposes, includes all of the funds and account groups relevant to the operation of the Anchorage Independent School District. The financial statements presented herein do not include funds of groups and organizations, which although associated with the school system, have not originated within the District itself such as Band Boosters, Parent -Teacher Associations, etc.

The financial sta tements of the District include those of separately administered organizations that are controlled by or dependent on the Board. Control or dependence is determined on the basis of budget adoption, funding and appointment of the respective governing board .

Based on the foregoing criteria, the financial statements of the following organization are included in the accompanying financial statements:

**Notes to Financial Statements** (Continued)

#### NOTE 1. NATURE OF A CTIVITIES (Continued)

#### **B.** Related Organizations (Continued)

Anchorage Independent School District Finance Corporation - The Anchorage, Kentucky, Board of Education resolved to authorize the establishment of the Anchorage Independent School District Finance Corporation (a non -profit, non-stock, public and charitable corporation organized under the School Bond Act and KRS 273 and KRS Section 58.180) as an agency of the Board for financing the costs of school building facilities. The Board Members of the Anchorage Independent School District also comprise the Corporation's Board of Directors.

#### NOTE 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of Anchorage Independent School Distr ict have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) applicable to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for estab lishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

#### A. Basis of Presentation, Basis of Accounting

#### i. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities include the financial a ctivities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double -counting of internal activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. The District does not allocate indirect expenses in the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees, fines, and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

**Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)** 

#### NOTE 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### A. Basis of Presentation, Basis of Accounting (continued)

#### i. Basis of Presentation (continued)

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds, with separate statements presented for each fund category. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displaye d in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Nonoperating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary activities.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the District. It accounts for financial resources used for general types of operations. This is a budgeted fund, and any unrestricted fund balances are considered as resources available for use.

The Special Revenue Fund accounts for proceeds of specific revenue sources (other then expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to disbursements for specified purposes. It includes federal financial programs where unused balances are returned to the grantor at the close of specified project periods as well as the state grant programs. Project accounting is employed to maintain integrity for the various sources of funds.

The Construction Fund including Capital Projects Funds accounts for proceeds from sales of bonds and other revenues to be used for authorized construction.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

#### NOTE 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### A. Basis of Presentation, Basis of Accounting (Continued)

#### i. Basis of Presentation (Continued)

The District reports the following major business -type funds:

The School Food Service Fund is used to account for school food service activities, including the National School Lunch Program, which is conducted in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Agriculture ("USDA"). In-kind contributions of commodities from the USDA have been recorded in the Statement of Activities – Proprietary Fund in the amount of \$11,509.

In addition, the District reports the following fund types:

Trust and Agency Funds: These funds are used to report student activity funds and other resources held in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities). Agency funds typically involve only the receipt, temporary investment, and remittance of fiduciary resources to individuals, private organizations, or other governments.

Private-Purpose Trust Funds: T hese funds are used to report trust arrangements under which the principal and income benefit individuals, private organizations or other governments.

#### ii. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting

Government -wide and Proprietary Fund Financial Statements : These financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government -wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the District gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in fiscal the year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

**Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)** 

#### NOTE 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

- A. Basis of Presentation, Basis of Acc ounting (Continued)
  - ii. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting (continued)

Governmental Fund Financial Statements: Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The District does not consider revenues collected after its year -end to be available in the Revenues from local sources consist primarily of current period. property taxes. Property tax revenues and revenues received from the State are recognized under the susceptible -to-accrual concept. Miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Investment earn ings are recorded as earned, since they are both measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long -term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

When the district incurs an expenditure or expense for which both restricted and unrestricted resources may be used, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources.

The District's financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations). Governments are also required to follow the pronouncements of the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued through November 30, 1989 (when applicable) that do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

#### NOTE 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **B.** Encumbrance Accounting

Purchase orders or contracts document encumbrances for goods or purchased services. Under Kent ucky law, appropriations lapse at June 30, and encumbrances outstanding at that time are to be either canceled or appropriately provided for in the subsequent year's budget.

#### C. Financial Statement Amounts

#### i. Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the Board considers demand deposits, money market funds, and other investments with an original maturity of 90 days or less, to be cash equivalents.

#### ii. Inventories

Supplies and materials are charged to expenditures when p urchased with the exception of the Proprietary Funds, which records inventory using the accrual basis of accounting.

#### iii. Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied each September on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real and busines s personal property. Taxes are due on receipt of the tax bill; however, the actual date is based on a period ending 30 days after the tax bill mailing. Property taxes collected are recorded as revenues in the fiscal year for which they were levied. All taxes collected are initially deposited into the General Fund and then transferred to the appropriate fund.

The property tax rates assessed for the year ended December 31, 2018, to finance the General Fund operations we ere \$.982 per \$100 valuation for real property, \$.982 per valuation for personal property and \$1.10 per \$100 valuation for motor vehicles. The assessed value upon which the levy for the 2019 fiscal year was based was \$461,829,025.

Notes to Financial St atements (Continued)

#### NOTE 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### C. Financial Statements Amounts (Continued)

#### iv. Capital Assets

The District's property, plant and equipment with useful lives of more than one year are stated at historical cost and comprehensively reported in the government -wide financial statements. Donated assets are stated at fair value on the date donated. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of five thousand dollars (\$5,000). The costs of normal repairs and maintenance that do not add to the asset value or materially extend useful lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method. When capital assets are disposed, the cost and applicable depreciation are removed from the respective accounts, and the resulting gain or loss is recorded in operations.

Estimated useful lives, in years, for depreciable assets are as follows:

Land Improvements	20
Buildings and improvements	25 - 50
Technology Equipment	5
General Equipment	10 - 20

The District does not possess any infrastructure.

#### v. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires ma nagement to make estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts of assets, liabilities, designated fund balances, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the general purpose financial stat ements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### vi. Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables". These amounts are eliminated in the governmental and business -type activities columns of the statements of net assets, except for the residual amounts due between governmental and business -type activities, which are presented as internal balances.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

#### NOTE 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### D. Budgetary Process

Budgetary Basis of Accounting: The District's budgetary process accounts for certain transactions on a basis other than GAAP. The major differences between the budgetary basis and the GAAP basis are:

Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budgetary) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP),

Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budgetary) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).

Once the budget is approved, it can be am ended. Amendments are presented to the Board at their regular meetings. Amendments are reflected in the official minutes of the Board, and are not made after fiscal year-end as directed by law.

Each budget is prepared and controlled by the budget coordi nator at the revenue and expenditure function/object level. All budget appropriations lapse at year -end.

#### E. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County Employees Retirement System Non -Hazardous ("CERS") and Teachers Retirement System of the State of Kentucky ("TRS") and additions to/deductions from fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by these multiple -employer cost -sharing pension systems. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized by the pension systems when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value by the pension systems. Both systems publish separate financial statements as described in Note 7.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

#### NOTE 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### F. Postemployment Benefits Other Than OPEBs (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB ex pense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (TRS) and additions to/deductions from TRS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value, except for money market investments and participating interest -earning investment contracts that have a maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less, which are reported at cost.

#### G. Fund Balances

Governmental funds report fund balance in classifications based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to h onor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the funds can be spent. Fund balance for governmental funds can consist of the following:

- o Nonspendable fund balance amounts that are (a) not in spendable form, or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- Restricted fund balance amounts that are restricted for specific purposes stipulated by external resource providers, constitutionally or through enabling legislation.
- Committed fund balance amounts constrained to spe cific purposes by the District itself, using its decision -making authority to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the District takes action to remove or change the constraint. A board resolution is required to comm it funds.
- Assigned fund balance amounts intended to be used by the District for specific purposes that are neither restricted nor committed. Only the Board has the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. Assigned fund balance in the General Fund includes amounts that have been appropriated for expenditures in the budget for the District's subsequent fiscal year.

**Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)** 

#### NOTE 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCO UNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### G. Fund Balances (Continued)

Unassigned fund balance - This fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund. It is also used to report negative fund balances in other governmental funds. Sometimes the Distric t will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fun d balance in the governmental fund financial statements a flow assumption must be made about the order in which resources are considered to be applied. It is the District's policy to consider r fund balance to have been depleted before using any o f the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

#### H. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between a) assets and deferred outflows of resources and b) liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net position invested in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreci ation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislati on adopted by the School District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. All other net position is reported as unrestricted.

#### NOTE 3. COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

#### A. Deposits and Inv estments

The District's funds are required to be deposited and invested under the terms of a depository contract. The depository bank deposits for safekeeping and trust with the District's agent bank approved pledged securities in an amount sufficient to protect District funds on a day -to-day basis during the period of contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the depository bank's dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") insurance.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

#### NOTE 3. COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY (Continued)

#### A. Deposits and Investments (continued)

The District's funds are required to be deposited and invested under the terms of a depository contract. The depository bank deposits for safekeeping and trust with the District's agent bank approved pledged securities in an amount sufficient to protect District funds on a day -to-day basis during the period of contract. The pledge of approved sec urities is waived only to the extent of the depository bank's dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") insurance.

#### **Cash Deposits**:

At June 30, 2019, the carrying am ount of the District's deposits (cash, certificates of deposit, and interest -bearing savings accounts included in temporary investments) was \$4,176,318 and the bank balance was \$4,689,876. The District's cash deposits at June 30, 2019, and during the year ended June 30, 2019, were entirely covered by FDIC insurance or by pledged collateral held by the District's agent bank.

The cash deposits held at financial institutions can be categorized according to three levels of risk. These three levels of risk are as follows:

- Category 1 Cash and cash equivalents that are insured or registered or securit ies held by the school district or by its agent in the school district's name.
- Category 2 Cash and cash equivalents and investments that are uninsured or unregistered, with securities held by the counterpart's trust department or agent in the school district's name.
- Category 3 Cash and cash equivalents and investments that are uninsured and unregistered with securities held by the counterpar ty or its trust department or agent but not in the school district's name.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

#### NOTE 3. COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY (Continued)

#### A. Deposits and Investm ents (Continued)

#### **Cash Deposits (Continued):**

The school district's deposits and investments at Unne 30, 2019, are categorized as follows .

	Carrying Amou	unt/ Bank		Categor	<u>y</u>
	Market Value	<u>Balance</u>	1	2	3
<b>Demand Deposits:</b>					
General checking	\$ 4,176,318	\$ 4,689,876	\$ 250,000	\$ -0-	\$ 4,439,876

In order to facilitate the recording of cash transactions and to maximize earnings, the District has combined the cash resources of certain of its funds and maintains account ability for such funds' equity in the pooled cash. The District is allowed to invest in the following types of investments: term certificates of deposit, repurchase agreements, money market deposit accounts, government pools, and U. S. Treasury Obl igations. The District records nonparticipating interest -earning investment contracts at cost. other securities are recorded at fair value. It is the intention of the investment pool to maximize interest income, and securities are selected according to their risk, marketability, and diversification. Income earned or losses arising from the investment of pooled cash balances are allocated to individual funds based on their proportional equity in investments purchased. For purposes of the statements of cash flows, the District considers all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

**Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)** 

NOTE 4. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset balances and activity for the year ended June 30, 2019 were as follows:

	Beginning <u>Balance</u>	<u>Additions</u>	Retirements Reclassifications	Ending <u>Balance</u>
Governmental activities: Capital assets that are not depreciated:	<u> </u>			<u> 2mmre</u>
Land	\$ 100	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 100
Construction in Progress		43,743		43,743
Total nondepreciable historical cost	100	43,743		43,843
Capital assets that are depreciated:				
Land improvements	314,537	-	-	314,537
Building and building improvements	9,083,914	20,044	-	9,103,958
Technology equipment	594,258	-	(25,484)	568,774
General equipment	35,179	41,446		76,625
Total depreciable historical cost	10,027,888	61,490	(25,484)	10,063,894
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Land improvements	314,192	230	-	314,422
Building and building improvements	4,570,401	222,537	-	4,792,938
Technology equipment	531,333	30,935	(25,484)	536,784
General equipment	31,777	1,875		33,652
Total accumulated depreciation	5,447,703	255,577	(25,484)	5,677,796
Total depreciable historical cost, net	4,580,185	(194,087)		4,386,098
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 4,580,285	<u>\$ (150,344)</u>	\$ -	\$ 4,429,941
Business-type activities:				
General equipment	\$ 85,639	<u>\$ 14,361</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$ 100,000
Total depreciable historical cost	85,639	14,361		100,000
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
General equipment	55,988	4,033		60,021
Total accumulated depreciation	55,988	4,033	-	60,021
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 29,651	\$ 10,328	\$ -	\$ 39,979
Depreciation expense was charged to govern	nental functions	as follows:		
Instruction	1011001100110	\$ 164,911		
Student support services		13,180		
Instructional staff support services		13,083		
District administrative support		286		
School administrative support		1,803		
Business support services		-		
Plant operation and management		62,314		
Food service operation		4,033		
		\$ 259,610		

#### ANCHORAGE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

#### NOTE 5. BONDED DEBT AND LEASE OBLIGATIONS

The amount shown in the accompanying financial statements as lease obligations repr esents the District's future obligations to make lease payments relating to the bonds issued by the Anchorage Independent School District Finance Corporation (Corporation) aggregating \$407,239.

The original amount of the issue, issue dates and the interes — t rates of the bond issues are summarized below:

ISSUE OF	ORIGINAL AMOUNT	INTEREST RATES
Series 2009 KISTA	\$ 246,239	1.0% to 3.0 %
Series 2017	\$ 161.000	3.5 % to 4.25%

The District, through the General Fund, (including the SEEK Capital Outlay Fund and Building Fund ) is obligated to make lease payments in amounts sufficient to satisfy debt service requirements. The District has an option to purchase the pro perty under lease at any time by retiring the bonds then outstanding.

On December 1, 2009, the District refinanced \$241,000 of KISTA bonds. The new bond issue (KISTA Series 2009R) is for a total of \$246,239. The difference in the amount refinanced and the amount of the bond issue is the cost of issuing the bonds.

The District has entered into "participation agreements" with the Kentucky School Facility Construction Commission. The Commission was created by the Kentucky Legislature for the purpose of a ssisting local school districts in meeting school construction needs. The table below sets forth the amount to be paid by the District and the Commission for each year until maturity of all bond issues.

On February 20, 2017, the District accepted an offer of assistance from the Kentucky School Facilities Construction Commission and approved the execution of a participation agreement. This resulted in the issuance \$161,000 of School Building Revenue Bonds dated June 1, 2017.

The bonds may be called prior to maturity and redemption premiums are specified in each issue. Assuming no bonds are called prior to scheduled maturity, the minimum obligations of the District, including amounts to be paid by the Commission, at June 30, 2019 for debt service (principal and interest) are as follows:

**Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)** 

#### NOTE 5. BONDED DEBT AND LEASE OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

	ANCHORAG	E INDEPENDI DISTRICT	ENT SCHOOL	SCHOOL F. CONSTR COMM		
			mom			TOTAL
YEAR	PRINCIPAL	INTEREST	TOTAL	PRINCIPAL	INTEREST	COMBINED
2020	\$	0	0	\$ 6,000	\$ 5,808	\$ 11,808
2021	-	-	-	6,000	5,597	11,597
2022	-	-	-	6,000	5,387	11,387
2023	-	-	-	7,000	5,387	12,387
2024 and later	<del>-</del>	<del>-</del>		<u>124,000</u>	44,297	<u>168,297</u>
	<u> </u>	<u>S - 0 -</u>	<u>\$ -0-</u>	\$ 149,000	S 66.476	\$ 215.476

Bonded debt balances and activity for the year ended June 30, 201 8, were as follows:

	BEGINNING			<b>ENDING</b>
	<b>BALANCE</b>	<b>ADDITIONS</b>	<u>PAYMENTS</u>	<b>BALANCE</b>
Governmental Activities:				
Anchorage Independent School District	\$ 10,382	\$ -	<b>\$</b> (10,382)	\$ -0-
School Construction Commission	155,000	<del></del>	(6,000)	149,000
Total Bonded Debt	<u>\$ 165,382</u>	<u>s</u> -	<u>\$ (16,382)</u>	\$ 149,000

#### NOTE 6. ACCUMULATED UNPAID SICK LEAVE BENEFITS

Upon retirement from the school system, an employee will receive from amount equal to 30% of the value of accumulated sick leave.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent that it is probable that the benefits will result in termination payments. The liability is based on the School District's past experience of making termination payments.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government —wide financial statements.

For governmental fund financial statements the current portion of unpaid accrued sick leave is the amount expected to be paid using expendable available resources. These amounts are recorded in the amount "accumulated sick leave payable" in the general fund. The noncurrent portion of the liability is not reported.

**Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)** 

#### NOTE 7. RETIREMENT PLANS

The District's employees are provided with two pension plan s, based on each position's college degree requirement. The County Employees Retirement System (CERS) covers employees whose position does not require a college degree or teaching certification. The Kentucky Teachers Retirement System (TRS) covers positions requiring teaching certification or otherwise requiring a college degree.

For the year ended June 30, 201 9, the District's total payroll was \$ 4,332,340. Total covered payroll was \$ 852,429 for CERS and \$ 3,411,554 for KTRS. Covered payroll refers to all compensation paid by the District to active employees covered by the Plan.

General information about the County Employees Retirement System Non Hazardous (CERS)

Plan description - Employees whose positions do not require a degree beyond a high school diploma are covered by the CERS, a cost -sharing multiple -employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Kentucky Retirement System, an agency of the Commonwealth of Kentucky. Under the provisions of Kentucky Revised Statute ("KRS") Section 61.645, the Board of Trustees of the Kentucky Retirement System administers CERS and has the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions. The Kentucky Retirement System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for CERS. That report may be obtained from <a href="http://kyret.ky.gov/">http://kyret.ky.gov/</a>.

Benefits provided – The Plan provides retire ment, death and disability benefits to Plan members. Retirement benefits may be extended to beneficiaries of members under certain circumstances . Employees are vested in the plan after five years' service. For retirement purposes, employees are grouped into three tiers, based on hire date:

Tier 1 Participation date Unreduced retirement	Before September 1, 2008 27 years service or 65 years old
Reduced retirement	At least 5 years service and 55 years old At least 25 years service and any age
Tier 2 Participation date	September 1, 2008 – December 31, 2013

Unreduced retirement

At least 5 years service and 65 years old

Or age 57+ and sum of service years plus age

equal 87

Reduced Retirement At least 10 years service and 60 years old

**Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)** 

#### NOTE 7. RETIREMENT PLANS (continued)

Tier 3 Participation date After December 31, 2013

Unreduced retirem ent At least 5 years service and 65 years old

Or age 57+ and sum of service years plus age

equals 87

Reduced retirement Not available

Cost of living adjustments are provided at the discretion of the General Assembly. Retirement is based on a factor of the number of years' service and hire date multiplied by the average of the highest five years' earnings. Reduced benefits are based on factors of both of these components. Participation employees become eligible to receive the health insurance benefit after at least 180 month s of service. Death benefits are provided for both death after retirement and death prior to retirement. Death benefits after retirement are \$5,000 in lump sum. Five years' service is required for death benefits prior to retirement and the employee must have suffered a duty -related death. The decedent's beneficiary will receive the higher of the normal death benefit and \$10,000 plus 25% of the decedent's monthly final rate of pay and any depende nt child will receive 10% of the decedent's monthly final rate of pay up to 40% for all dependent children. Five years' service is required for nonservice -related disability benefits.

Contributions - Required contributions by the employee are based on the tier:

# Required co ntribution 5%

Tier 1 5%
Tier 2 5% + 1% for insurance
Tier 3 5% + 1% for insurance

General Information about the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (TRS)

Plan description - Teaching certified employees of the District and other employees whose positions require at least a college degree are provided pensions through the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (KTRS) - a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan with a special funding situation established to provide retirement annuity plan coverage for local school districts and other public educational agencies in the Commonwealth. KTRS was created by the 1938 General Assembly and is governed by Chapter 161 Section 220 through Chapter 161 Section 990 of the KRS. KTRS is a blended component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky and therefore is included in the Commonwealth's financial statements. KTRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at https://www.trs.ky.g ov/financial-reports-information.

**Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)** 

#### **NOTE 7. RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)**

Benefits provided - For employees who have established an account in a retirement system administered by the Commonwealth prior to July 1, 2008, employees become vested when they complete five (5) years of credited service. To qualify for monthly retirement benefits, payable for life, employees must either:

- 1. Attain age fifty -five (55) andd complete five (5) years of Kentucky service, or
- 2. Complete 27 years of Kentucky service.

Participants that retire before age 60 with less than 27 years of service receive reduced retirement benefits. Non-university employees with an account established prior to July 1, 2002 receive monthly payments equal to two percent (service prior to July 1, 1983) and two and one -half percent (service after July 1, 1983) of their final average salaries for each year of credited service. New employees (including s econd retirement accounts) after July 1, 2002 will receive monthly benefits equal to two percent of their final average salary for each year of service if, upon retirement, their total service is less ten years. New employees after July 1, 2002 who retire with ten or more years of total service will receive monthly benefits equal to two and a half percent of their final average salary for each year of service, including the first ten year s. In addition, employees who retire July 1, 2004 and later with more than 30 years of service will have their multiplier increased for all years over 30 from two and a half percent to three percent to be used in their benefit calculation. Effective July 1, 2008, the System has been amended to change the benefit structure f or employees hired on or after that date.

Final average salary is defined as the member's five highest annual salaries for those with less than 27 years of service. Employees at least age 55 with 27 or more years of service may use their 3 highest annual salaries to compute the final average salary. KTRS also provides disability benefits for vested employees at the rate of sixty percent of the final average salary. A life insurance benefit, payable upon the death of a member, is \$2,000 for active contributing employees and \$5,000 for retired or disabled employees.

Cost of living increases are 1.5% annually. Additional ad hoc increases and any other benefit amendments must be authorized by the General Assembly.

Contributions - Contribution rates are es tablished by Kentucky Revised Statutes (KRS). Non-university employees are required to contribute 12.105% of their salaries to the System. University employees are required to contribute 9.895% of their salaries. KRS 161.580 allows each university to re duce the contribution of its employees by 2.215%; therefore, university employees contribute 7.68% of their salary to KTRS.

**Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)** 

#### NOTE 7. RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

The Commonwealth of Kentucky, as a non -employer contributing entity, pays matching contributions at the rate of 13.105% of salaries for local school district and regional cooperative employees hired before July 1, 2008 and 14.105% for those hired after July 1, 2008. For local school district and regional cooperative employees whose salaries are federally funded, the employer contributes 15.355% of salaries. If an employee leaves covered employment before accumulating 5 years of credited service, accumulated employee pension contributions plus interest are refunded to the employee upon the member's request.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability for CERS. The District did not report a liability for the District's proportion ate share of the net pension liability for KTRS because the Commonwealth of Kentucky provi des the pension support directly to KTRS on behalf of the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related Commonwealth support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the CERS net pension liability

\$ 2,037,999

Commonwealth's proportionate share of the KTRS net pension liability associated with the District

14,202,699 \$ 16,240,698

The net pension liability for each plan was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net position liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

The District's proportion of the net pension liability f or CERS was based on a projection of the District's long -term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions o f all participating entities, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2018, the District's proportion was 0.03374 %.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized pension expense of \$326,086 related to CERS and \$1,715,839 related to KTRS. The District also recognized revenue of \$1,715,839 for KTRS support provided by the Commonwealth.

**Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)** 

#### **NOTE 7. RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)**

At June 30, 2018, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of	Deferred Inflows of
	<u>Resources</u>	Resources
Liability Experience	\$ 66,470	\$ 29,832
Assumption Changes	199,172	-
Investment Experience	94,768	119,205
Change in Proporation & Differences		
Between Employer Contributions &		
Proportionate Share of Plan		
Contributions	36,396	12,340
Totals	<u>\$ 396,806</u>	<u>\$ 161,377</u>

Deferred outflows of resources resulting from the District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year end ing June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources will be recognize d in pension expense as follows:

<u>Year ende</u>	<u>d June 30</u>
2019	181,663
2020	90,114
2021	(25,410)
2022	(10,938)

Actuarial assumptions - The total pension liability in the June 30, 2016 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

	CERS	KTRS
Inflation	3 .25%	3.00%
Projected salary	4.00%	3.50 - 7.30%
Investment rate of return		
net of investment expense		
and inflation	7.50%	7.50%

For CERS, Mortality rates were based on the RP -2000 Combined Mortality Table, projected to 2013 with Scale BB, set back one year for females.

**Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)** 

#### NOTE 7. RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

For KTRS, Mortality rates were based on the RP -2000 Combined Mortality Table for Males or Females, as appropriate, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on a projection of Scale BB to 2025, set forward two years for males and one year for females.

For CERS, the long -term expected return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the regular experience studies prepared every five years. The most recent analysis, performed for the period covering fiscal years 200 8 through 2013, is outlined in a report dated April 30, 2014. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long term rate of return assumption including long -term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log -normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long -term expected rate of return by weighing the expected fu ture real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The capital market assumptions developed by the investment consultant are intended for use over as 10-year horizon and may not be useful in setting the long-term rate of return for funding pension plans which covers a longer timeframe. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assum ption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

For KTRS, the long -term expected rate of return on pension investments was determined using a log -normal distribution analysis in which best -estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long -term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by KTRS's investment consultant, are summ arized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long term expected Real Rate of Return
U.S. Equity	40.0%	4.2%
International Equity	22.0%	5.2%
Fixed Income	15.0%	1.2%
Additional Categories	8.0%	3.3%
Real Estate	6.0%	3.8%
Private Equity	7.0%	6.3%
Cash	<u>2.0%</u>	0.9%
	<u>100.0%</u>	

**Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)** 

#### **NOTE 7. RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)**

The actuarial assumptions used in the 2016 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2010 — June 30, 2015 adopted by the Board on November 19, 2016.

Discount rate - For CERS, the single discount rate of 6.25% for the Non - Hazardous and Hazardous Systems were used to measure the total pension liability for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018. This single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investmen ts for each system. Based on the stated assumptions and the projection of cash flows as of each fiscal year ending, the pension plan's fiduciary net position and future contributions were projected to be sufficient to finance all the future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long -term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of the projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability for each system. The projection of cash flows used to determine the single discount rate assumes that the participating employers in these Systems contribute the actuarially determined contribution rate in all future years.

For KTRS, the discount rate used to measure the TPL was 7.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate was performed in accordance with GASB 67. We assumed that Plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rates and the Employer contributions will be made at statutorily required rate s. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan employees until the 203 8 plan year and, as a result, the Municipal Bond Index Rate was used in the determination of the SEIR There was a change in the Municipal Bond Index Rate from the Prior Measurement Date to the Measurement Date, so required under GASB 68, the SEIR of 4.49% at the Measurement Date was calculated using the Municipal Bond Index Rate as of the Measurement Date (3.56%). This change in the discount rate is considered a change in the actuarial assumptions or other inputs under GASB 68.

Sensitivity of CERS and KTRS proport ionate shares of net pension liability to changes in the discount rate - The following table presents the net pension liability of the District, calculated using the discount rates selected by each pension system, as well as what the District's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 -percentage -point lower or 1 -percentage -point higher than the current rate (I calculated the amounts in this schedule:

Notes to Financial S tatements (Continued)

#### **NOTE 7. RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)**

			Cu	ırrent		
	1%		Dis	scount		1%
	Decrea	ise	I	Rate	Inc	crease
CERS	5.259	%	6.	25%	7.	25%
Board's proportionate share of net pension liability	\$ 2,565,	629	\$ 2,0	37,999	\$ 1,5	95,937
KTRS	3.499	%	4.	<b>49</b> %	5.	<b>49</b> %
Board's proportionate share of net pension liability	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-

#### NOTE 8. OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS

#### General Information about the OPEB Plan

Plan description - Teaching-certified employees of the District are provided OPEBs through the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (TRS) -a cost-sharing multiple -employer defined benefit OPEB plan with a special funding situation established to provide retire ment annuity plan coverage for local school districts and other public educational agencies in the state. TRS was created by the 1938 General Assembly and is governed by Chapter 161 Section 220 through Chapter 161 Section 990 of the Kentucky Revised Statu tes (KRS). TRS is a blended component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky and therefore is included in the Commonwealth's financial statements. TRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at <a href="https://trs.ky.gov./financial-reports-information">https://trs.ky.gov./financial-reports-information</a>.

The state reports a liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, and expense as a result of its statutory requirement to contribute to the TRS Medical Insurance and Life Insurance Plans. The following information is about the TRS plans:

#### **Medical Insurance Plan**

Plan description - In addition to the OPEB benefits described above, Kentucky Revised Statue 161.675 requires TRS to provide post -employment healthcare benefits to eligible members and dependents. The TRS Medical Insurance benefit is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan with a special funding situation. Changes made to the medical plan may be made by the TRS Board of Trustees, the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance and the General Assembly.

**Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)** 

#### NOTE 8. OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS (Continued)

Benefits provided - To be eligible for medical benefits, the member must have retired either for service or disability. The TRS Medical Insurance Fund offers coverage to members under the age of 65 through the Kentucky Employees Health Plan administered by the Kentucky Department of Employ ee Insurance. TRS retired members are given a supplement to be used for payment of their health insurance premium. The amount of the member's supplement is based on a contribution supplement table approved by the TRS Board of Trustees. The retired member pays premiums in excess of the monthly supplement. Once retired members and eligible spouses attain age 65 and are Medicare eligible, coverage is obtained through the TRS Medicare Eligible Health Plan.

Contributions - In order to fund the post -retirement healthcare benefit, seven and one-half percent (7.50%) of the gross annual payroll of members is contributed. Three and three quarters percent (3.75) is paid by member contributions and three quarters percent (.75%) from state appropriation and three percent (3.00%) from the employer. The state contributes the net cost of health insurance premiums for members who retired on or after July 1, 2010 who are in the non Medicare eligible group. Also, the premiums collected from retirees as described in the plan description and investment interest help meet the medical expenses of the plan.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

At June 30, 2019, the District reported a liability of \$ 594,111 for its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability that reflected a reduction for state OPEB support provided to the District. The collective net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the collective net OPEB was based on a projection of the District's long—term share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2018, the District's proportion was 0.033462 percent. At of June 30, 2017, The District's proportionate share was 0.033741 percent.

The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the CERS net OPEB liability \$ 594,111 State's proportionate share of the KTRS net OPEB liability associated with the District 3.628.000

Total <u>\$4,222.111</u>

**Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)** 

#### NOTE 8. OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$74,324 related to CERS and \$219,000 related to KTRS. The District also recognized revenue of \$2 19,000 for KTRS support provided by the State .

At June 30, 2019, the District reported deferred outflows of resource s and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEBs from the following sources:

	Outflows of Resources	Inflows of Resources
Liability Experience	\$ -	\$ 69,236
Assumption Changes	118,653	1,373
Investment Experience	-	40,923
Change in Proporation & Differences Between Employer Contributions & Proportionate Share of Plan		
Contributions	<u> </u>	7,491
Totals	<u>\$ 118,653</u>	\$ 119,023

Of the total amount reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB, resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date and before the end of the fiscal year will be included as a reduction of the collective net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in the District's OPEB expense as follows:

#### Year ended June 30:

2019	\$	644
2020		644
2021		644
2022		8,591
2023	(	(6,629)
Thereafter	(	4,263)

Actuarial assumption - The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptio ns, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Investment rate of return	6.25%
Projected salary increases	3.05%, average
Inflation rate	2.30%

**Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)** 

#### NOTE 8. OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS (Continued)

Payroll Growth Rate Healthcare cost trend rates	0.00% for KERS non -hazardous
Pre-65	Initial trend starting at 7. 25% at January 1, 2019 and gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of 13 years.
Post-65	Initial trend starting at 5. 10 % at January 1, 2019 and gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of 11 years.

The mortality table used for active members is RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (multiplied by 50% for males and 30% for females). For healthy retired members and beneficiaries, the mortality table used the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set-back for one year for females). For disabled members, the RP-2000 Combined Disability Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set back four years for males) is used for the period after disability retirement.

Discount rate - The discount rate used to measure the to tal OPEB liability was 5.84%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rates and the employer contributions will be made at statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long -term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments determine the total OPEB liability.

The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability of the System, calculated using the discount rate of 5.85%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 -percentage -point lower (4.84%) or 1-percentage -point higher (6.84%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	<b>Current Disc ount Rate</b>	1% Increase
	4.85%	5.85%	6.85%
Systems' net 1	oension		
liability	\$ 771,655	\$ 594,111	\$ 442,876

**Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)** 

#### NOTE 8. OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS (Continued)

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the collective OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates - The following presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the collective OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that were 1 -percentage -point lower or 1-percentage -point higher than the cur rent healthcare cost tend rates:

	1% Decrease	<b>Current Trend Rate</b>	1% Increase
Systems' ne	et pension \$ 442,322	\$ 594,111	\$ 773,027

OPEB plan fiduciary net position – Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS financial report.

#### NOTE 9. COMMITMENTS AND CONTENGENCIES

The District receives funding from Federal, State and Local government agencies and private contributions. These funds are to be used for designated purposes only. For government agency grants, if based on the grantor's review the funds are considered not to have been used for the intended purpose, the grantors may request a refund of monies advanced, or refuse to reimburse the District for its disbursements. The amount of such future refunds and unreimbursed disbursements, if any, is not expected to be significant. Continuation of the District's grant programs is predicated upon the grantors' satisfaction that the funds provided are being spent as in tended and the grantor's intent to continue their programs.

The District is subject to various other legal actions in various stages of litigation, the outcome of which is not determinable at this time. Management of the District and its legal counsel do not anticipate that there will be any material effect in the basic financial statements as a result of the cases presently in progress.

Under COBRA, employers are mandated to notify terminated employees of available continuing insurance coverage. Failure to comply with this requirement may put the school district at risk for a substantial loss.

The District also has outstanding commitments for construction projects.

**Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)** 

#### NOTE 10. INSURANCE AND RELATED ACTIVITIES

The District is exposed to various forms of loss of assets associated with the risks of fire, personal liability, theft, vehicul—ar accidents, errors and omissions, fiduciary responsibilities, etc.—Each of these risk areas is covered through the purchase of commercial insurance.—The District has purchased certain policies which are retrospectively rated which included Worker's com—pensation insurance.

#### NOTE 11. INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Interfund transfer activity for the year ended June 30, 201 9, is as follows:

<u>Type</u>	From Fund	To Fund	<u>Purpose</u>	<u>A</u>	<u>mount</u>
Operating	Capital Outlay	Debt Service	Bond Payment	\$	10,551
Operating	Building	Construction	Library Renovation	\$	95,633
Operating	General Fund	Food Service	Deficit	\$	2,406
Operating	Summer Program	General Fund	Operating	\$	15,000
Operating	General Fund	Special Revenue	Computers	\$	7,290

#### NOTE 12. DEFICIT OPERATING / FUND BALANCES

The Food Service Fund has a deficit net position due to recording the net pension liability under GASB 68 and the net OPEB liability under GASB 75.

There following funds had operations that resulted in a current year deficit of revenues over expenditures resulting in a corresponding reduction in fund balance/net position:

Food Service Fund \$ 24.597

#### NOTE 13. RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and dest ruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. To obtain insurance for workers' compensation, errors and omissions, and general liability coverage, the District participates in the Kentucky School Boards Insurance T rust Liability Insurance Fund. These public entity risk pools operate as common risk management and insurance programs for all school districts and other tax supported educational agencies of Kentucky who are members of the Kentucky School Boards Associat ion. The

**Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)** 

#### NOTE 13. RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

district pays an annual premium to each fund for coverage. Contributions to the Workers' Compensation Fund are based on premium rates established by such fund in conjunction with the excess insurance carrier, subject to claims experienced modifications and a group discount amount. Dividends may be declared, but are not payable until twenty -four (24) months after the expirat ion The Liability Insurance fund pays insurance of the self-insurance term. premiums of the participating members established by the insurance carrier. The Trust can terminate coverage if it is unable to obtain acceptable excess general liability coverage and for any reason by giving ninety (90) days notice. In the event the Trust terminated coverage, any amount remaining in the Fund (after payment of operational and administrative costs and claims for which coverage was provided) would be returned to the emember on a pro rata basis.

#### NOTE 14. ON-BEHALF PAYMENTS

For the year ended June 30, 2019, total payments of \$1, 778,194 were made for life insurance, health insurance, KTRS matching and administrative fees by the Commonwealth of Kentucky on behalf of the District. These payments were recognized as on -behalf payments and recorded in the appropriate revenue and expense accounts on the statement of activities. On behalf payments are not budgeted items.

On-behalf payments for the year ended June 30, 2019 consisted of the following:

KTRS	\$ 1,091,171
Health insurance	650,416
HRA	16,100
Technology	41,587
Debt service	12,018
Administrative fee	7,170
Life insurance	<u>866</u>

Total \$ 1.819.328

The breakdown of on -behalf payments by fund is as follows:

General Fund	\$ 1,767,203
School Food Service	40,287
Debt Service	<u>12,018</u>

Total <u>\$ 1,819.328</u>

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual General Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

r	or u	ie rear Ended	June	e 50, 2019			VAR	IANCE WITH	
		DUDCETED	AMC	NI INITE				AL BUDGET AVORABLE	
	BUDGETED AMOUN ORIGINAL			FINAL		ACTUAL.	(UNFAVORABLE)		
REVENUES		<u>ORIGITALE</u>		THAL		NOTONE	1011	TIVOICIDELL)	
From local sources:									
Taxes:									
Property	\$	4,294,775	\$	4,294,775	\$	4,230,581	\$	(64,194)	
Motor vehicles		250,000		250,000		247,055		(2,945)	
Occupational		725,000		725,000		749,269		24,269	
Tuition and fees		-		-		4,995		4,995	
Earnings on investments		55,000		55,000		100,570		45,570	
Student activities		67,225		67,225		90,171		22,946	
Other local revenues		42,500		42,500		78,514		36,014	
Intergovernmental - State		606,268		606,268		624,318		18,050	
Intergovernmental - Federal	_	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u> </u>	
TOTAL REVENUES		6,040,768		6,040,768	_	6,125,473		84,705	
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
Instruction		3,543,795		3,543,795		3,046,024		(497,771)	
Support Services									
Student		135,042		135,042		139,519		4,477	
Instructional staff		716,602		716,602		665,087		(51,515)	
District administration		394,793		394,793		406,640		11,847	
School administration		337,665		337,665		268,469		(69,196)	
Business		613,457		613,457		641,412		27,955	
Plant operations and maintenance		3,428,898		3,428,898		902,936		(2,525,962)	
Contingency		486,226		486,226		-		(486,226)	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		9,656,478		9,656,478		6,070,087		(3,586,391)	
EXCESS (DEFICIT) OF REVENUES									
OVER EXPENDITURES	_	(3,615,710)	_	(3,615,710)		55,386		3,671,096	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Operating transfers in		-		-		15,000		15,000	
Operating transfers out		-		-	_	(9,696)		(9,696)	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				<u>-</u>		5,304		5,304	
EXCESS (DEFICIT) OF REVENUES AND OTHER									
FINANCING SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES									
AND OTHER FINANCING USES		(3,615,710)		(3,615,710)		60,690		3,676,400	
FUND BALANCE JULY 1, 2018		3,615,710		3,615,710		3,539,881		(75,829)	
FUND BALANCE JUNE 30, 2019	\$		\$	<u>-</u>	\$	3,600,571	\$	3,600,571	

EXPLANATION OF DIFFERENCES BETWEEN BUDGETARY INFLOWS AND OUTLFLOWS AND GAAP REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES

Both inflows and outflows are equally different in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds by the amount of on-behalf payments totaling \$1,767,203.

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual Special Revenue Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET FAVORABLE

							FINAL BUDGET FAVORABLE		
		BUDGETED	AMO						
	2	DRIGINAL		<u>FINAL</u>		<u>ACTUAL</u>	(UNFAVORABLE)		
REVENUES									
From local sources:									
Taxes:							•		
Property	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Motor vehicles		-		-		-		-	
Utilities		-		-		-		-	
Other		-		-		-		-	
Tuition and fees		-		-		-		-	
Earnings on investments		-		-		448		448	
Student activities		-		-		-		-	
Community service activities		<del>-</del>		<del>-</del>		36,065		36,065	
Other local revenues		29,000		29,000		20,000		(9,000)	
Intergovernmental - State		71,990		71,990		83,975		11,985	
Intergovernmental - Indirect Federal		134,712		134,712		126,608		(8,104)	
Intergovernmental - Federal		<del>-</del>		<u>-</u>					
TOTAL REVENUES		235,702	_	235,702		267,096		31,394	
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
Instruction		208,704		208,704		252,351		43,647	
Support Services									
Student		-		-		-		_	
Instructional staff		26,998		26,998		22,035		(4,963)	
District administration		-		=		=		-	
School administration		-		-		-		_	
Business		-		-		-		_	
Plant operations and maintenance		-		-		-		_	
Facilities acquisition and construction		-		-		-		_	
Debt service		-		-		-		-	
Other		-		-		-		_	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		235,702	_	235,702		274,386		38,684	
EXCESS (DEFICIT) OF REVENUES									
OVER EXPENDITURES		_		_		(7,290)		(7,290)	
				_	-	(1,200)		(1,200)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
						7,290		7,290	
Operating transfers in Operating transfers out		_		_		7,230		7,290	
Operating transiers out					-				
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						7,290		7,290	
EXCESS (DEFICIT) OF REVENUES AND OTHER									
FINANCING SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES									
AND OTHER FINANCING USES		-		-		-		-	
FUND BALANCE JULY 1, 2018		<u>-</u> _		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	
FUND BALANCE JUNE 30, 2019	8	-	<u>\$</u>	-	<u>\$</u>	<del>-</del>	\$	-	

#### SCHEDULES OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

#### KTRS

	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u>
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.00	% 0.00%	6 0.00%	0.00%	*	*	*	*	*	*
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	*	*	*	*	*	*
Commonwealth's proportionate share of the net pension liability	<u>\$ 14,202,69</u>	9 \$ 31,668,071	\$ 26,218,184	<u>\$ 22,706,135</u>	*	*	*	*	*	*
Total	\$ 14,202,69	9 \$ 31,668,071	\$ 26,218,184	\$ 22,706,135						
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	0.00	% 0.00%	6 0.00%	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
CERS	<u> 2019</u>	2018	2017	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>	2011	<u>2010</u>
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.03374	% 0.03176%	0.03241%	0.034942%	*	*	*	*	*	*
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 2,037,99	9 \$ 1,563,641	\$ 1,393,503	\$ 1,134,000	*	*	*	*	*	*
District's covered employee payroll	\$ 852,42	9 \$ 851,504	\$ 758,340	\$ 756,185	*	*	*	*	*	*
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	239.08	% 183.63%	5 <b>183.76</b> %	149.96%	*	*	*	*	*	*

<sup>\*</sup> The above schedules are presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, fiscal year 2015 was the first year of implementation. Until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District will report available information.

#### SCHEDULES OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS

#### LAST 10 YEARS

KTRS	2012		0040		0047		2012		2017	2211	0010	2212	0044	2212
	<u>2019</u>		<u>2018</u>		<u>2017</u>		<u>2016</u>		<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u>
Contractually required contributions	\$ 1,091,171	\$	1,011,797	\$	521,071	\$	542,227	\$	535,076	*	*	*	*	*
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 1,091,171	_	1,011,797		521,071	_	542,227	_	535,076	*	*	*	*	*
Contribution excess (deficiency)	\$ 	\$		\$		\$	_	\$	_					
District's covered employee payroll	\$ 3,411,554	\$	3,335,046	\$ 3	3,203,034	\$	3,220,343	\$	3,318,570	*	*	*	*	*
Contributions as a percentage of covered. employee payroll	31.9846%		30.3383%		16.2680%		16.8376%		16.1237%	*	*	*	*	*
CERS														
	<u>2019</u>		<u>2018</u>		<u>2017</u>		<u>2016</u>		<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u>
Contractually required contributions	\$ 326,036	\$	327,486	\$	179,782	\$	130,775	\$	151,425	*	*	*	*	*
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	326,036	_	327,486	_	179,782	_	130,775	_	151,425	*	*	*	*	*
Contribution excess (deficiency)	\$ 	<u>\$</u>		\$		\$		\$						
District's covered employee payroll	\$ 852,429	\$	829,376	\$	821,504	\$	758,340	\$	756,185	*	*	*	*	*
Contributions as a percentage of covered. employee payroll	38.2479%		39.4858%		21.8845%		17.2449%		20.0249%	*	*	*	*	*

<sup>\*</sup> The above schedules are presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, fiscal year 2015 was the first year of implementation. Until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District will report available information.

### SCHEDULES OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY - MEDICAL INSURANCE PLAN

#### LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS

	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u>
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset)	0.33462%	0.33741%	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability (asset)	\$ 594,111 \$	756,723	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Commonwealth's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability associated with the District	3,628,000	3,630,000	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Total	<u>\$ 4,222,111                              </u>	4,386,723								
District's covered employee payroll	\$ 3,871,884 \$	3,728,469	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	109.05%	117.65%	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*

Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability.

<sup>\*</sup> The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30.

<sup>\*</sup> The above schedules are presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, fiscal year 2018 was the first year of implementation. Until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District will report available information.

## SCHEDULES OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS - MEDICAL INSURANCE PLAN

#### LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS

		<u>2019</u>		<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u>
Contractually required contribution	\$	38,981	\$	38,857	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	_	38,981	_	38,857	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Contribution excess (deficiency)	\$		\$	<u>-</u>								
District's covered employee payroll	\$	3,871,884	\$	3,728,469	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Contributions as a percentage of covered. employee payroll		1.0068%		1.0422%	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*

<sup>\*</sup> The above schedules are presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, fiscal year 2018 was the first year of implementation. Until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District will report available information.

#### **Notes to Required Supplementary Information**

#### NOTE A: PENSION PLANS

#### Change of benefit terms:

The following changes were made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30 listed below:

2009: A new benefit tier for members who first participate on or after September 1, 2008 was introduced which included the following changes:

- 1. Tiered Structure for benefit accrual rates
- 2. New retirement eligibility requirements
- 3. Different rules for the computation of final average compensation

2014: A cash balance plan was introduced for members whose participation date is on or after January 1, 2014.

#### Change of assumptions:

The following changes were made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30 listed below:

#### 2015

- $\lambda$  The assumed investment rate of return was decreased from 7.75 % to 7.50%
- $\lambda$  The assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.50% to 3.25%
- $\lambda$  The assumed rate of wage inflation was reduced from 1.00% to 0.75%
- $\lambda$  Payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4.50% to 4.00%
- $\lambda$  The mortality table used for active members is RP -2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (multiplied by 50 % for males and 30% for females).
- λ For healthy retired members and bene ficiaries, the mortality table used is the RP 2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set back 1 year for females). For disabled members, the RP -2000 Combined Disabled Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set back 4 years for males) is used for the period after disability retirement. There is some margin in the current mortality tables for possible future improvement in mortality rates and that margin will be reviewed again when the next experience investigation is conducted.
- $\lambda$  The assumed rates of Retirement, Withdrawal and Disability were updated to more accurately reflect experience.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information (Continued)

#### NOTE B. OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS

Changes of benefit terms -With the passage of House Bill 471, the eligibility for non -single subsidies (NSS) for the KEHP -participating members who retired prior to July 1, 2010 is restored, but the state will only finance, via KEHP "Shared Responsib ility" contributions, the costs of the NSS related to those KEHP -participating members who retired on or after July 1, 2010.

Methods and assumptions used in the actuarially determined contributions -The actuarially determined contribution rates, as a perce ntage of payroll, used to determine the actuarially determined contribution amounts in the Schedule of Employer Contributions are calculated as of the indicated valuation date. 
The following actuarial methods and assumptions (from the indicated actuarial valuations) were used to determine contribution rates reported in that schedule for the year ending June 30, 20 17:

Valuation Date **Actuarial Cost Method Amortization Method** Remaining Amortization Period **Asset Valuation Method** 

June 30, 2015 **Entry Age Normal Level Percent of Pay** 28 Years, Closed

20% of the difference between the market value of assets and the expected actuarial value of assets

is recognized

3.25%

Salary increases, including wage inflation

4.00%, aver age

#### Life Insurance Plan

**Inflation** 

Plan description -Life Insurance Plan - TRS administers the life insurance plan as provided by Kentucky Revised Statue 161.655 to eligible active and retired members. The TRS Life Insurance benefit is a cost -sharing multiple employ er defined benefit plan with a special funding situation. Changes made to the life insurance plan may be made by the TRS Board of Trustees and the General Assembly.

Benefits provided -TRS provides a life insurance benefit of five thousand dollars payable for members who retire based on service or disability. TRS provides a life insurance benefit of two thousand dollars payable for is active contributing members. The life insurance benefit is payable upon the death of the member to the member's estate or to a party designated by the member.

Contributions -In order to fund the post -retirement life insurance benefit, three hundredths of one percent (.03%) of the gross annual payroll of members is contributed by the state.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information (Continued)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability	\$ - <b>0</b> -
State's proportionate share of net O PEB	
Liability associated with the District	<u>29,000</u>
Total	<u>\$ 29,000</u>

For the year ended June 30, 20 18, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$ 1,000 and revenue of \$ 1,000 for support provided by the State.

OPEB plan fiduciary net position - Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS financial report.

SUPPLEMENTARY

INFORMATION

#### Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2019

	CAPIT	SEEK CAPITAL OUTLAY FSPK FUND FUND					TOTAL NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL <u>FUNDS</u>	
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable Taxes - current Due from other funds	s	24,157	\$	217,422	\$	-	\$	241,579
TOTAL ASSETS AND RESOURCES	<u>\$</u>	24,157	\$	217,422	\$	_	\$	241,579
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE LIABILITIES Accounts payable Accrued payroll and related expenses Due to other funds	\$	- - -	\$	70,208 - -	s	- - -	\$	70,208 - -
TOTAL LIABILITIES				70,208				70,208
FUND BALANCES Assigned Unassigned		24,157		147,214		- -		171,371
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		24,157		147,214				171,371
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	24,157	\$	217,422	<u>\$</u>	-	<u>\$</u>	241,579

Revised February 4, 2020.

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures
And Changes in Fund Balances
Nonmajor Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

REVENUES	SEEK CAPITAL OUTLAY <u>FUND</u>		FSPK <u>FUND</u>		CONSTRUCTION FUND	DEBT SERVICE FUNDS	TOTAL NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	
From local sources:								
Taxes:								
Property	\$	-	\$	242,847	\$ -	\$ -	\$	242,847
Motor vehicle		-		-	-	-		-
Occupational		-		-	-	-		-
Earnings on investments		-		-	-	-		-
Intergovernmental - State		34,708		-	-	12,018		46,726
Intergovernmental - Indirect Federal			_					
TOTAL REVENUES		34,708	_	242,847		12,018		289,573
EXPENDITURES Current:								
Debt service		-		-	-	22,569		22,569
Facilities acquisition and construction		-		-	95,633	-		95,633
Debt issuance costs			_					
TOTAL EXPENDITURES			_		95,633	22,569		118,202
EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER EXPENDITURES		34,708	_	242,847	(95,633)	(10,551)		171,371
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Operating transfers in		-		-	95,633	10,551		106,184
Operating transfers out		(10,551)	_	(95,633)				(106,184)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		(10,551)		(95,633)	95,633	10,551		
EXCESS OF REVENUE AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES		24,157		147,214	-	-		171,371
FUND BALANCE, JULY 1, 2018		-		-				
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30, 2019	\$	24,157	\$	147,214	\$ -	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$</u>	171,371



Chestnut Centre 410 West Chestnut Street STE, 237 Louisville, KY 40202-2342

(502) 583-5381 (800) 456-7531 FAX (502) 582-2516

# REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

#### Independent Auditor's Report

State Committee for School District Audits Members of the Board of Education of Anchorage Independent School District

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Governmental Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and the audit requirements prescribed by the Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits in Appendix I to the Independent Auditor's Contract – General Requirements and Appendix II to the Independent Auditor's Contract – State Audit Requirements, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Anchorage Independent School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated October 2, 2019.

#### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose or expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Anchorage Independent School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Anchorage Independent School District's internal control.

State Committee for School Districts Members of the Board of Education of Anchorage Independent School District

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

We noted certain matters that we reported to management of the District in a separate letter dated October 2, 2019.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Anchorage Independent School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The result of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

In addition, the results of our tests disclosed no material instances of noncompliance of specific state statutes or regulations identified in *Appendix II of the Independent Auditor's Contract – State Requirements.* 

State Committee for School District Audits Members of the Board of Education of Anchorage Independent School District

#### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Amick & Company

Louisville, Kentucky October 2, 2019 **MANAGEMENT** 

**LETTER** 

**POINTS** 



Chestnut Centre 410 West Chestnut Street STE. 237 Louisville, KY 40202-2342

(502) 583-5381 (800) 456-7531 FAX (502) 582-2516

State Committee for School District Audits Members of the Board of Education of Anchorage Independent School District

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Anchorage Independent School District for the year ended June 30, 2019, we considered the District's internal control structure to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control structure.

The memorandum that accompanies this letter summarizes our comments and suggestions regarding internal controls and operating efficiency. A separate report dated October 2, 2019 contains our report on significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the District's internal control structure. This letter does not affect our report dated October 2, 2019 on the financial statements of the Anchorage Independent School District.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board and management and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

We appreciate the opportunity to be of service to the Anchorage Independent School District.

Amick & Company

Louisville, Kentucky October 2, 2019

Management Letter Comments For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

#### **COMMENT 2019-1**

#### TRACKING OF FIXED ASSETS

#### Condition

During our audit procedures on fixed assets, we noted that the District does not track expenditures for items over \$5,000 that may qualify as an asset purchase subject to capitalization.

#### Criteria

According to the KDE Capital Asset Guide, fixed assets are all real or personal property that have an estimated life of greater than one year and an original cost equal to or greater than \$5,000. Assets purchased, constructed or donated that meet or exceed the threshold must be uniformly classified, using the KDE class code structure.

#### Recommendation

We recommend that the District obtain a copy of the KDE Capital Asset Guide. This guide contains valuable information regarding MUNIS classification codes, asset categories, recommended threshold limits and what qualifies and/or does not qualify as a capital asset.

We also recommend that the District establish procedures for tracking purchases throughout the year the may qualify as capital assets.

#### Management's Response

Management has obtained a copy of the KDE Capital Asset Guide. Management will also review their policies concerning expenditures over \$5,000 and be sure that they include a process for tracking expenditures that may qualify as capital assets.

#### ANCHORAGE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT Management Letter Comments Schedule of Prior Audit Findings

Finding 2018-01

**Status: Corrected**